

SOROBAN abacus

package `pst-soroban`

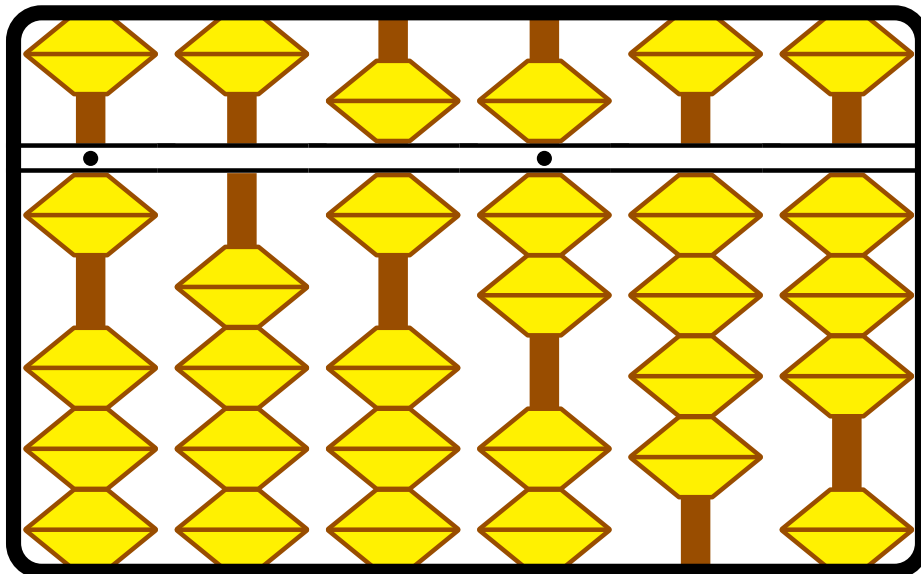
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1 Original size (ps unit = 1mm)



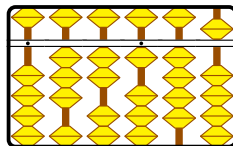
2 Using the package

In the preamble, insert the instruction `\usepackage{pst-soroban}`. There is no need to load the corresponding graphics package as the packages are required by the `pst-soroban` package.

The package also sets the base unit as 1 mm; this draws a soroban of the normal size as used in schools, shops,... If one wants to change the size, one sets the base unit by `\psset{unit=0.25mm}`. These instructions can be used any time in the document to change the size for some part if required.

To draw a soroban, one draws rod(s) with the required bids in the right position and add either a frame or just top and bottom parts of the frame. One can then add some bids in other colours and also cross some bids.

Let's draw a soroban representing the number 321.45 in small size: 0.25.



line	PStricks	tikz/pgf
1	<code>\psset{unit=0.25mm}</code>	<code>\ladj{0.25}</code>
2	<code>\begin{pspicture}(-2,-2)(122,76)</code>	<code>\begin{pspicture}</code>
3	<code>\tige{1}{0}{1}</code>	<code>\tige{1}{0}{1}</code>
4	<code>\tige{2}{3}{0}</code>	<code>\tige{2}{3}{0}</code>
5	<code>\tige{3}{2}{0}</code>	<code>\tige{3}{2}{0}</code>
6	<code>\tige{4}{1}{1}</code>	<code>\tige{4}{1}{1}</code>
7	<code>\tige{5}{4}{0}</code>	<code>\tige{5}{4}{0}</code>
8	<code>\tige{6}{5}{0}</code>	<code>\tige{6}{5}{0}</code>
9	<code>\cadre{6}</code>	<code>\cadre{6}</code>
10	<code>\end{pspicture}</code>	<code>\end{pspicture}</code>

Line 1 defines the size, lines 2 and 10 create the picture environment, lines 3–8 draw the rods and line 9 creates the frame.

For PStricks, one has to give the dimensions of the picture, otherwise the drawing would have no size and would overlap the surrounding text. One gives some space before and below $(-2,-2)$ and after above. The picture is 74.6 units high and $20 \times$ number of rods wide (here $(122,76)$). Of course, if one adds something before, under, after or above the soroban, one has to adjust the corresponding part of the frame dimension.

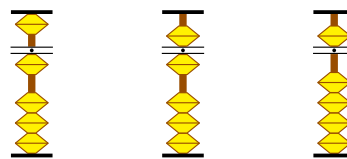
To draw a rod, one uses the command `\tige`. The syntax is:

$$\backslash \text{tige}[\langle st \rangle]{\langle nu \rangle}{\langle val \rangle}{\langle un \rangle}$$

The $\langle nu \rangle$ argument numbers the rods from left to right. $\langle val \rangle$ is the number to be represented on the rod from 0 to 9. The $\langle un \rangle$ argument tells that there is a dot on the central bar (1) or not (0); there is normally a dot for the unit, thousand, million, ... ranks.

The $\langle st \rangle$ argument is optional and tells at which position the drawing is started; the default value is 1. This is interesting when one wants to put more than one drawing on a line:

```
\begin{pspicture}(-2,-
2)(182,76)
\tige{1}{1}{1}
\barres{1}
\tige[5]{1}{6}{1}
\barres[5]{1}
\tige[9]{1}{5}{1}
\barres[9]{1}
\end{pspicture}
```



In this example, there is no frame but only parts of it above and below; this is created with the `\barres` command. The syntaxes for the frame and top/bottom lines are:

$$\backslash \text{cadre}[\langle st \rangle]{\langle nb \rangle} \text{ and } \backslash \text{barres}[\langle st \rangle]{\langle nb \rangle}.$$

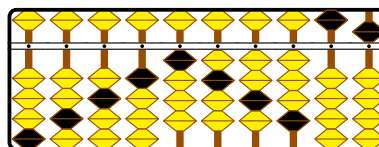
The optional $\langle st \rangle$ arguments are the same as the one of `\tige`, the $\langle nb \rangle$ argument tell how many rods have to be covered.

If one wants to colour a specific bid, one can achieve this with `\binoire`:

$$\backslash \text{binoire}[\langle st \rangle]{\langle nu \rangle}{\langle pos \rangle}{\langle col \rangle}$$

`<st>` and `<nu>` arguments are the same as for `\tige`; the `<col>` argument defines the colour and the `<pos>` argument tells which bid has to be coloured as shown in the following example.

```
\begin{pspicture}(-2,-
2)(202,76)
\tige{1}{0}{1}
\tige{2}{0}{1}
\tige{3}{0}{1}
\tige{4}{0}{1}
\tige{5}{4}{1}
\tige{6}{4}{1}
\tige{7}{4}{1}
\tige{8}{4}{1}
\tige{9}{0}{1}
\tige{10}{5}{1}
\cadre{10}
\binoire{1}{1}{black}
\binoire{2}{2}{black}
\binoire{3}{3}{black}
\binoire{4}{4}{black}
\binoire{5}{5}{black}
\binoire{6}{6}{black}
\binoire{7}{7}{black}
\binoire{8}{8}{black}
\binoire{9}{9}{black}
\binoire{10}{10}{black}
\end{pspicture}
```



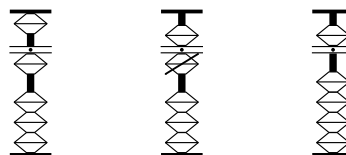
The `\barbil` command allows to cross a bid (see example below); the syntax is:

```
\barbil[<st>]{<nu>}{<pos>}
```

The arguments `<st>`, `<nu>` and `<pos>` have the same meaning as those of `\binoire`.

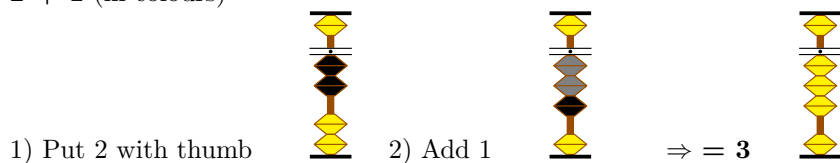
Finally, one can change the overall colours of the rods and the bids, for example to print in black and white. This is done by changing the values of the `\colbil` (for the bids) and `\coltig` (for the rods) commands; by default these are yellow and “brun” (new brown colour).

```
\renewcommand{\colbil}{white}
\renewcommand{\coltig}{black}
\begin{pspicture}(-2,-
2)(182,76)
\tige{1}{1}{1}
\barres{1}
\tige[5]{1}{6}{1}
\barbil[5]{1}{5}
\barres[5]{1}
\tige[9]{1}{5}{1}
\barres[9]{1}
\end{pspicture}
```

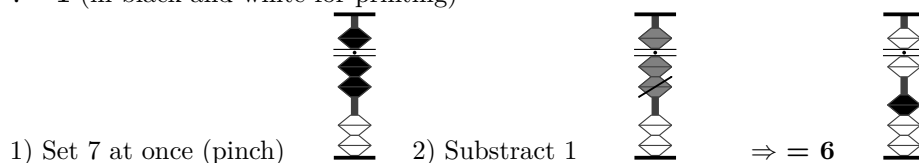


3 examples

$2 + 1$ (in colours)



$7 - 1$ (in black and white for printing)



References

- [1] Denis Girou. Présentation de PSTricks. *Cahier GUTenberg*, 16:21–70, April 1994.
- [2] Michel Goosens, Frank Mittelbach, Sebastian Rahtz, Denis Roegel, and Herbert Voß. *The L^AT_EX Graphics Companion*. Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Reading, Mass., 2007.
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- [4] Herbert Voß. *PSTricks – Grafik für T_EX und L^AT_EX*. DANTE – Lob.media, Heidelberg/Hamburg, forth edition, 2007.
- [5] Timothy Van Zandt. *PSTricks - PostScript macros for generic T_EX*. <http://www.tug.org/application/PSTricks>, 1993.
- [6] Timothy Van Zandt. *multido.tex - a loop macro, that supports fixed-point addition*. CTAN:/graphics/pstricks/generic/multido.tex, 1997.
- [7] Timothy Van Zandt. *pst-coil: Coils and zigzags*. CTAN:/graphics/pstricks/generic/, 1999.
- [8] Timothy Van Zandt and Denis Girou. Inside PSTricks. *TUGboat*, 15:239–246, September 1994.